Tenmoku Tea Bowl, China, 13th c. Fujita Museum, Osaka

Tea Bowl, China, 13th–14th c. Glazes stoneware Tokugawa Art Museum, Nagoya

Tea Bowl with Indented Lip, China, 13th–14th c. Jian ware; Stoneware with Hare's Fure Markings Mia, 2015.79.525

Tea caddy named Ueda Bunrin, China, 13th Stoneware with iron glaze, ivory lid Private collection

Tea leaf storage jar named Chigusa, China, mid-13th to mid-14th c. Stoneware with iron glaze Freer Gallery, Smithsonian Institution

Tea leaf storage jar, China, 13th to 14th c. Stoneware with brown glaze Yale University Art Gallery, Mary Griggs Burke Collection

Hasegawa Tōhaku (1539–1610) Portrait of Sen no Rikyū, 1595 Fushin'an, Kyoto

Chōjurō, 1516?–1592 Teabowl, Japan, c. 1575 Raku ware; glazed stoneware Metropolitan Museum of Art

Teabowl called "Iron Mallet," Japan, late 16th c. Mino ware, Black Seto type; glazed stoneware Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs Burke Collection

Teabowl, Japan, 17th c. Takatori ware; glazed stoneware Mia, 2002.141.3

Teabowl, Japan, 17th c. Ko-Satsuma ware; glazed stoneware Mia, 2001.132 Teabowl called "Spring Haze," Korea, 16th c. Ido ware; glazed stoneware
National Palace Museum, Taipei

Tea Caddy, Japan, 16th c. Bizen ware; stoneware with ash glaze Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs Burke Collection

Tea Caddy, Japan, 16th c. Seto ware; stoneware with iron-rich glaze Mia, 2015.79.320a,b

Tea Caddy, Japan, late 16th-early 17th c. Seto ware; glazed stoneware Mia, 2015.79.321a-e

"Burst Bag" Freshwater Jar, Japan, late 16th—early 17th c.
Iga ware; stoneware with natural ash glaze
Mia, 2015.79.293a,b

Freshwater Jar, Japan, 17th c. Yellow Seto ware; glazed stoneware Metropolitan Museum of Art

Pail-shaped Freshwater Jar, Japan, 16th c. Shigaraki ware; stoneware with natural ash glaze Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs Burke Collection

Kano Sōshū (1551–1601) Portrait of Oda Nobunaga, 16th c. Hanging scroll; ink and color on paper Chōkōji, Toyota City

Kano Mitsunobu (1565–1608) Portrait of Toyotomi Hideyoshi, late 16th c. Hanging scroll; ink and color on silk Kōdaiji, Kyoto

Kano Tan'yū (1602–1674) Portrait of Tokugawa Ieyasu, early 17th c. Hanging scroll; ink and color on paper Osaka Castle, Osaka

Kano Masanobu (1434–1530)

Zhou Maoshu Viewing Lotuses, early 16th c. Hanging scroll; ink and color on paper Kyūshū National Museum

Kano Motonobu (1476–1559) White-robed Kannon, first half 16th c. Hanging scroll; ink and color on silk Museum of Fine Arts, Boston

Kano School

Kano Masanobu (1434–1530)
Tao Yuanming beneath a Pine Tree, early 16th c.
Folding fan; ink and gold on paper
Tokyo National Museum

Assembled Fan Paintings, first half 16th—early 17th c.

One of a set of four six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper
Nanzenji, Kyoto

Ma Yuan (Chinese, active c. 1190–1225) Scholar Viewing a Waterfall, late 12th–early 13th c. Album leaf; ink and color on silk

Xia Sen (Chinese, active 13th c.) Riverside Retreat, c. 1250 Fan painting; ink and color on silk Mia, 99.67.3

Metropolitan Museum of Art

Kano Motonobu (1476–1559)
The Four Accomplishments, first half 16th c.
Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink and light color on paper
Metropolitan Museum of Art

Kano School Landscape of the Four Seasons, 16th c. Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink and color on paper Mia, 77.50.1-2

Attributed to Kano Chōkichi (active mid-16th c.) Landscape of the Four Seasons, 16th c. Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink and color on paper

Metropolitan Museum of Art

Kano Motonobu (1476–1559)
Birds and Flowers of the Four Seasons (left screen), first half 16th c.
One of a pair of six-panel folding screen; ink, color, and gold on paper
Hakutsuru Museum of Art, Kobe

Kano Eitoku (1543–90)
Chinese Lions, late 16th c.
One of a pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper
Imperial Household Collection

Kano Eitoku (1543–90)
Cypress, late 16th c.
Set of sliding door panels mounted as an eightpanel folding screen; ink, color, and gold on
paper
Tokyo National Museum

Kano Eitoku (1543–90) Plum Tree, c. 1570 Four sliding door panels; ink and gold on paper Jukōin, Daitokuji (Kyoto National Museum)

Kano Shōei (1519–92) and Kano Eitoku (1543–90) Cranes beneath Pine and Plum Trees, c. 1570 Jukōin, Daitokuji (Kyoto National Museum)

Kano Sansetsu (1590–1651) Old Plum, 1646 Set of four sliding door panels, ink, color, and gold on paper Metropolitan Museum of Art

Kano Sansetsu (1590–1651) Taoist Immortals, 1646 Set of four sliding door panels, ink, color, and gold on paper Mia, 63.37.1-4

Follower of Kano Eitoku (1543–1590) Taoist Immortals, c. 1606 Set of four sliding door panels; ink, color, and gold on paper

Metropolitan Museum of Art

Circle of Kano Mitsunobu (c. 1561–1608) Flowers and Grasses of the Four Seasons, late 16th c.

Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper

Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs Burke Collection

Kano Mitsunobu (c. 1561–1608)

Xiwangmu, the Queen Mother of the West and Dong Fangshuo, late 16th c.

Six-panel folding screen; ink, color, and gold on paper

Idemitsu Museum of Art, Tokyo

Kano Einō (1631–1697)

One Hundred Chinese Boys, mid-17th c.
Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper

Metropolitan Museum of Art, Tokyo

Kano Tan'yū (1602–1674)
Eagle and Pine Tree, c. 1602
Six sliding door panels; ink, color, and gold on paper
Nijō Castle, Kyoto

Kano Eitoku (1543–90)
Cypress, late 16th c.
Set of sliding door panels mounted as an eight-

panel folding screen; ink, color, and gold on paper

Tokyo National Museum

Hasegawa Tōhaku (1539–1610) Maple Tree, c. 1593 Set of sliding door panels; ink, color, and gold on paper Daihō'in, Chishakuin, Kyoto

Hasegawa Tōhaku (1539–1610) Pine Trees, late 16th c. Pair of six-panel folding screens, ink on paper Tokyo National Museum

Hasegawa School

Cherry and Willow, 17th c.
Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper
Mia, 2015.79.255.1-2

Hasegawa Tōgaku (d. 1623) Waves and Rocks, early 17th c. Six-panel folding screen (one of a pair); ink, color, and gold on paper Larry Ellison Collection, California

Kaihō Yūshō (1533–1615) Pine and Plum by Moonlight, early 17th c. Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink and color on paper

The Nelson-Atkins Museum of Art

Kaihō Yūshō, 1533–1615; Text by Saishō Jōtai, 1548–1608
River and Sky in Evening Snow, from the Eight Views of the Xiao and Xiang Rivers, c. 1602–03
Panel of a folding screen, mounted as a hanging scroll; ink and gold on paper
Mia, 2015.79.61

Kaihō Yūshō, 1533–1615 Fishing Nets Drying in the Four Seasons, c. 1610 Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Brooklyn Museum of Art

Kano Sanraku (1559–1635) Tigers in Bamboo, early 17th c. One of a pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Myōshinji, Kyoto

Attributed to Kano Sanraku (1559–1635) Autumn Millet and Small Birds, 17th c. Pair of eight-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Metropolitan Museum of Art

Anonymous Musashi Plains, early 17th c.

Pair of eight-panel folding screens; ink, color, silver, and gold on paper Mia, 2015.79.91.1-2

Anonymous Amanohashidate, early 17th c. Six-panel folding screen; ink, color, and gold on paper

Mia, 2015.79.93

Anonymous Barley Field, early 17th c. Six-panel folding screens; ink, color, silver, and gold on paper Mia, 2015.79.94

Tawaraya Sōtatsu (c. 1570–c. 1643) Gods of Wind and Thunder, first half 17th c. Pair of two-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Kyoto National Museum

Calligraphy by Hon'ami Kōetsu, 1558–1637 Underpainting by Tawaraya Sōtatsu, died c. 1640

Poem from the Collection of Japanese Poems of Ancient and Modern Times (Kokin wakashū), early 1610s Album lead mounted as a hanging scroll; ink and gold on gold- decorated paper

Calligraphy by Hon'ami Kōetsu (Japanese, 1558–1637)

Printed designs by a follower of Tawaraya Sōtatsu (Japanese, died ca. 1640)
Twelve Poems from the *New Collection of Poems Ancient and Modern*, c. 1620
Handscroll; ink and gold on silk
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs
Burke Collection

Calligraphy by Hon'ami Kōetsu (Japanese, 1558–1637)

Underpaintings by Tawaraya Sōtatsu (Japanese, died ca. 1640)

Poems by the Thirty-six Immortal Poets wth underpainting of Deer, early 17th.

Fragment of a handscroll mounted as a hanging scroll; ink, silver, and gold on paper

Gotoh Museum, Tokyo

Calligraphy by Hon'ami Kōetsu (Japanese, 1558–1637)
Underpaintings by Tawaraya Sōtatsu (Japanese,

died ca. 1640)

Poems by the Thirty-six Immortal Poets wth underpainting of Cranes, early 17th. Handscroll; ink, silver, and gold on paper Kyoto National Museum

Tawaraya Sōtatsu (c. 1570–c. 1643) Waves at Matsushima, first half 17th c. One of a pair of two-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Freer Gallery, Smithsonian Institution

Tawaraya Sōtatsu (c. 1570–c. 1643) Four Sleepers, first half 17th c. Hanging scroll; ink on paper Gitter-Yelen Collection, New Orleans

Mokuan Reien, Japanese, d. 1345 Four Sleepers, first half 17th c. Hanging scroll; ink on paper Maeda Ikutokukai Foundation, Tokyo

Tawaraya Sōtatsu (c. 1570–c. 1643) Dragons in Clouds, first half 17th c. One of a pair of two-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Freer Gallery, Smithsonian Institution

Ogata Kōrin (1658–1716) Gods of Wind and Thunder, late 17th c. Pair of two-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Tokyo National Museum

Ogata Kōrin (1658–1716)
Red and White Plum Blossoms, late 17th c.
Pair of two-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper
MOA Museum of Art, Atami

Ogata Kōrin (1658–1716) Irises at Yatsuhashi, after 1709

Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper

Metropolitan Museum of Art

Tawaraya Sōtatsu, died c. 1640 Noblemen Viewing the Nunobiki Waterfall, Episode 87 of the Tales of Ise, first half 17th century Album leaf mounted as a hanging scroll; ink and gold on paper Mia, 66.40

Hara Yōryūsai, 1761–1828 Writing box, early 19th c. Lacquer on wood with gold, lead, and motherof-pearl Mia, 2001.70.1a-i

Sakai Hōitsu, 1761–1828 Ariwara no Narihira Riding Below Mt. Fuji, c. 1820 Hanging scroll; ink and color on silk Mia, 74.1.252

Possibly Ogata Kenzan (1663–1743) Irises at Yatsuhashi, after 1709 Buff clay; iron pigment under transparent lead glaze Freer Gallery, Smithsonian Institution

Ogata Kenzan (1663–1743)
Platter with Spring Flowers, first half 18th c.
Kyoto (Kyōyaki) ware; stoneware with
underglaze enamels and cobalt blue
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs
Burke Collection

Ogata Kōrin (1658–1716) Irises, early 18th c. Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper Nezu Museum, Tokyo

Ogata Kenzan, 1663–1743 Plum Trees and Hollyhocks, first half of the 18th century Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold foil on paper Mia, 2015.79.83.1-2

Ogata Kenzan, 1663–1743
Herons in Spring and Autumn, first half of the 18th century
Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold foil on paper
Gotoh Museum, Tokyo

Sakai Hōitsu, 1761–1828
Blossoming Cherry Trees, c. 1805
Pair of six-panel half-height folding screens; ink, color, silver, and gold on paper
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Mary Griggs
Burke Collection

Hara Yōyūsai, 1761–1828; designed by Sakai Hōitsu (1761–1828) Inrō and Netsuke, early 1815–45 Lacquer on wood with gold, silver, and shell inlay Mia, 2015.79.424.1a-f

Suzuki Kiitsu (1796–1858)
Morning Glories, early 19th c.
Pair of six-panel folding screens; ink, color, and gold on paper
Metropolitan Museum of Art

Sakai Hōitsu, 1761–1828 Lilies and Hydrangeas, Hollyhocks, 1801 Two-panel folding screen; ink and color on silk Mia, 2015.79.86

Suzuki Kiitsu, 1796–1858 Lilies and Hydrangeas Hanging scroll; ink and color on silk Mia, 2015.79.87

Nakamura Hōchū, d. 1819 Narcissus, late 18th—early 19th c. Hanging scroll; ink, color, and gold on paper Mia, 2015.79.84